

## Week Long - Extended Lesson Plan for Combat

The weeklong lesson plan is intended to give students a deeper understanding of topics relating to World War II. By the end of this weeklong plan, students should be able to:

- 1. Understand how combat affected American soldiers during World War II.
- 2. Analyze handwritten responses by black and white soldiers to determine how they felt about and responded to combat in the military.
- 3. Evaluate the feelings of soldiers during World War II.
- 4. Remember previous knowledge about World War II in the early 20th century.

## Day 1: Screen The True Glory in class.

Begin class by giving students some contextual information about *The True Glory*. In 1945, *The True Glory* was released, documenting the victory on the Western Front. This film uses first-person narratives from a variety of people, including American G.I.'s, British and French soldiers, and civilians. As they're watching, encourage them to take notes on the film.

Once you have screened the film, use these questions as a guide for discussion:

- 1. What kind of message does this film send to Americans about the war?
- 2. How does this film portray combat?
- 3. Do you think this is an accurate depiction of combat?

Day 2: Use Lesson Plan for "Combat." Encourage students to find differences between the scenes in The True Glory and the responses they are reading.

Day 3: Spend class having students visit and explore The American Soldier in World War II website. They can search for keywords surrounding combat, expanding their understanding of how combat affected soldiers during the war. This also gives them the opportunity to explore other topics related to the American GI's experience.

While students are exploring the site, have them collect five free responses that they have not seen before. Encourage them to choose responses from both ground and air combat.

Day 4: Ask students to revise their historical summary from Day 2 using the five free responses they found on Day 3. Have them explain how the new sources helped enhance their understanding of what it was like for combat soldiers during World War II. You can use these questions to guide discussion in class:

- 1. How did these new sources change your understanding of the combat soldier's experience?
- 2. How varied were the responses you found? Did some soldiers have positive experiences?
- 3. How did soldiers differ in their opinions?





Day 5: Have students choose their favorite (or most meaningful) response out of the ones they read and do a "deep analysis" using the SCIM-C method. The objective here is for students to practice extracting data from text, both the expressly written data and information they can infer by interpreting the details. Students should use the following questions to guide their analysis:

- 1. **Summarize** What specific information, details and/or perspectives does the source provide? Who is the author of the source? What is the purpose/subject of the source?
- 2. **Contextualize** What was happening within the immediate and broader context at the time the source was produced? Why was this source produced?
- 3. Infer What is suggested by the source? What interpretations may be drawn from the source? What inferences may be drawn from absences or omissions in the source?
- 4. **Monitoring** What ideas, images, or terms need further defining from the source? What additional evidence beyond the source is necessary to answer the historical question?
- 5. **Corroborating** What similarities and differences between this and other sources exist? What factors could account for these similarities and differences? What conclusions can be drawn from the accumulated interpretations?